METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Page
NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement of General Fund Operations and Fund Balance	4
Schedule of Expenses (Schedule 1)	5
Statement of Equipment Fund (Schedule 2)	6
Statement of Reserve Fund (Schedule 3)	7
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9 - 12

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Owners of Metropolitan Toronto Condominium Corporation No. 600

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Metropolitan Toronto Condominium Corporation No. 600 (the corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statement of general fund operations and fund balance, statement of equipment fund, statement of reserve fund and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the corporation in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on September 30, 2020.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Owners of Metropolitan Toronto Condominium Corporation No. 600 (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Ontario June 14, 2021

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
Current				
Cash	\$	92,607	\$	60,130
Accounts receivable (Note 7)	-	140,441		687,000
		233,048		747,130
Loans and notes receivable (Note 7)		_		138,000
Reserve cash (Note 5)		2,188,489		1,903,894
Equipment (Note 6)	-	8,080		15,468
	\$	2,429,617	\$	2,804,492
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Account payables and accrued liabilities	\$	51,237	\$	31,252
Refundable deposits		250	7	150
Government remittances payable	-	2,355		1,601
	_	53,842		33,003
FUND BALANCES				
General fund		237,664		235,942
Equipment fund		8,079		15,469
Reserve fund		2,130,032		2,520,078
		2,375,775		2,771,489
	\$	2,429,617	\$	2,804,492

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 8)

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Note 11)

On be half of the Board

Directo

Directo

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 STATEMENT OF GENERAL FUND OPERATIONS AND FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Budget 2020		Actual 2020		Actual 2019
		2020		2020		2019
Revenues						
Owner's assessments	\$	714,240	\$	714 240	\$	704 200
Interest and other income	Ψ		Ф	714,240	Ф	701,280
interest and other income		1,500		1,900		1,900
		715,740		716,140		703,180
Less: Allocations to reserve fund (Note 7)		280,498		280,498		259,720
		435,242		435,642		443,460
Evnonos				*		
Expenses Administration		77.050		70.000		70.454
		77,050		76,682		78,154
Repairs and maintenance		48,442		40,983		53,379
Service and maintenance contracts Utilities		115,050		105,768		116,417
Otilities	_	194,700		210,487		173,789
	10-	435,242		433,920		421,739
Net excess of revenues over expenses		-		1,722		21,721
Fund balance - beginning of year		_		235,942		214,221
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	237,664	\$	235,942

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES (Schedule 1)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Budget 2020		Actual 2020	8	Actual 2019
UTILITIES AND TAXES						
Hydro	\$	63,900	\$	89,179	\$	54,983
Water and sewer		50,700	•	54,206	•	49,106
Cable TV		42,000		40,383		39,401
Gas		35,000		23,882		27,473
Property taxes		3,100		2,837		2,826
		194,700	300	210,487		173,789
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE		10 1,1 00		210,101		110,100
Security		22,000		22,085		21,327
Plumbing repairs		5,092		6,768		12,500
Exterior repairs		6,000		360		9,259
Misc repairs - interior		5,000		5,860		4,773
Recreational supplies		2,000		2,651		2,261
Supplies		1,850		1,016		1,568
Electrical and mechanical		5,000		2,241		1,415
Rec centre repairs		1,500		2,2.71		276
Control (Control Control Contr		48,442		40,983		53,379
SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE CONTRACTS		40,442		40,303		33,373
HVAC		44,000		36,950		42,676
Insurance		24,000		26,568		21,907
Fire safety		11,000		9,134		21,001
Elevators		17,000		16,684		12,814
Cleaning services(exterior)		13,000		11,427		12,159
Cleaning services(interior)		4,000		2,886		3,541
Compactor		750		1,105		1,115
Pest control		700		1,014		696
Grounds		600		-		508
		115,050		105,768		116,417
ADMINISTRATION		110,000	***	100,700		110,417
Wages and benefits		61,700		58,827		61,316
Office expenses		6,900		6,433		6,052
Professional fees		2,000		338		4,973
Audit fees		4,700		5,226		4,633
Bank charges		750		898		4,633
Legal fees		1,000		4,960		495
20gai 1000	\$	77,050	\$		\$	***
	Ψ	11,030	Ą	76,682	Ф	78,154

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 STATEMENT OF EQUIPMENT FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020		2019		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	15,468	\$	23,940	
Equipment fund amortization		(7,389)		(8,472)	
Balance, end of year	\$	8,079	\$	15,468	

The attached notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 STATEMENT OF RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,520,075	\$ 1,490,137
Add:		
Annual allocation from owners' assessments	280,498	259,720
Special assessment	-	825,000
Interest income	7,145	13,582
	287,643	1,098,302
Deduct:		
Bank charges	22	40
Building repairs		18,690
Elevator and mechanical repairs	27,253	28,553
Interior repairs	4,588	1,102
Office	300	6. 00
Professional services	46,839	12,095
Repairs and maintenance	597,803	7,881
Supplies	881	
	677,686	68,361
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,130,032	\$ 2,520,078

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts Cash paid to suppliers and employees	\$ 1,689,946 (1,372,874)	\$ 976,563 (791,789)
Cash flows from operating activities	317,072	184,774
Investing activity Reserve cash	(284,595)	(300,231)
Increase (decrease) in cash flow	32,477	(115,457)
Cash - beginning of year	60,130	175,587
Cash - end of year (Note 5)	\$ 92,607	\$ 60,130

METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. Purpose of the corporation

Metropolitan Toronto Condominium Corporation No. 600 (the "Corporation") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated provincially under the Condominium Act of Ontario. As a registered charity the corporation is exempt from the payment of income tax under Section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act.

The corporation operates to manage and maintain, on behalf of the owners, the common elements of 54 residential and 1 commercial unit located in City of Toronto.

2. Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations (ASNPO).

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

Fund accounting

The Corporation follows fund accounting.

The General Fund reports the assessments from owners and expenses related to the operations and administration of the common elements.

The Equipment Fund was established to account for the acquisition of equipment and the related amortization.

The Reserve Fund reports the assessments from owners and expenditures for major repairs and replacement costs of the common elements and assets. The basis of determining the reserve fund's requirements is explained in Note 4. Only major repairs and replacements must be charged to reserve fund with the exception of reserve fund studies which may be charged to repairs and maintenance of the reserve fund. Minor repairs and replacements are charged to repairs and maintenance of the general fund. The Corporation segregates the amounts accumulated for the purpose of financing future charges to the reserve fund in special accounts, for use only to finance such charges.

Equipment

Equipment are stated at acquisition cost. Amortization is provided as follows:

Gym equipment 7 years straight-line method Furniture and fixtures 5 years straight-line method Sauna 7 years straight-line method

Real property purchases made after date of registration are recognized as capital assets of the Corporation when the Corporation has paid for them as the owner, they can be disposed of at the discretion of the board, or where required, with the approval of the owners, and any consideration received can be retained by the Corporation. Purchases which do not meet this requirement are expensed. The corporation regularly reviews its equipment to eliminate obsolete items.

Units and any real property directly associated with the units, which were purchased by unit-holders initially from the developer, are not recognized as capital assets of the Corporation since they are owned by the unit owners.

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METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Owner assessments are recognized as revenue in the statement of the general fund operations monthly based on the budget distributed to owners each year. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they become payable by owners to the Corpopration. Interest and other revenue are recognized as revenue of the related fund when earned.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Corporation initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

The Corporation subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and reserve cash. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in operations. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in operations.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

4. Financial instruments

The corporation is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides information about the Corporation's risk exposure and concentrations as of December 31, 2020.

Credit risk

The Corporation is exposed to credit risks on its accounts receivable from owners. This risk is mitigated by the necessity to pay owners' assessment and special levy fees as required by the Condominium Act.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Corporation is not exposed to significant liquidity risk.

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METROPOLITAN TORONTO CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 600 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

8. Commitments and Contingencies

- (i) The Corporation began a project to replace the window systems for all the residential units in 2020. As work started, hidden damage was discovered. The project was put on hold while the extent of additional work was assessed. The project is currently being re-tendered with new specifications. The final cost cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, but it is known that the amount accumulated in the reserve fund for this project will not be sufficient.
- (ii) The Corporation is committed to various long-term contracts for maintenance of machinery and equipment, premise and building security, cable services and other general maintenance. The total amount of future commitments relating to these long-term contracts approximate the following:

Contractual obligation repayment schedule:

2021 2022	\$ 52,000 4,100
	\$ 56,100

9. Renumerations of Directors, Officers and Management

No renumeration was paid to directors, officers or management during 2020 or 2019 and they had no interest in any transactions of the corporation.

10. Budget Information

The budgeted amounts presented for comparison purposes are unaudited and are approved by the directors.

11. Subsequent events

Events have occured as a result of the COVID-19 (coronavirus) pandemic that have caused economic uncertainty. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government responses, remain unclear at this time. Potential risks that the Corporation faces as a result of the pandemic are as follows:

- (i) Significant change in operational costs
 - Assessment and response:

Changes in operational costs, if any, have been reflected in the financial statements.

- (ii) Non-collection or reduced collection of receivables from unit-owners and others
 - Assessment and response:

The collectability of amounts due to the Corporation have been assessed for balances over 90 days; therefore, there is minimal risk related to non-collection or reduced collection of these receivables.

- (iii) Due to reduced cash inflows and/or increased operating costs, the Corporation may be in an operating deficit position which may necessitate increased fees or a special assessment.
 - Assessment and response:

The Corporation has positive working capital and is in an operating surplus position. The Corporation continues to be a going concern.